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DATE MAILED: 06/15/2004

| APPLICATION NO. | FILI | NG DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. | |
|-----------------|-----------------------|------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|--|
| 09/679,906 | 09/679,906 10/05/2000 | | Chan Daigle | 25791.37.02 | 25791.37.02 8824 | |
| 27684 | 7590 | 06/15/2004 | | EXAM | EXAMINER | |
| HAYNES AT | | NICHOLSC | NICHOLSON, ERIC K | | | |
| SUITE 4300 | | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER | |
| HOUSTON, 7 | ΓX 77002 | 3679 | | | | |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

| · | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 09/679,906 | DAIGLE ET AL. | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | |
| | Eric K Nicholson | 3679 | | | | |
| The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply | ears on the cover sheet with the c | orrespondence address | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | e6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | nety filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 Fe | ebruary 2004. | | | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . ^{2b} ☐ This | This action is FINAL . ;2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | | |
| , — | Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under E | x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45 | i3 O.G. 213. | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | |
| 4) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-7,28-30,37,40-43 and 45-67 is/are part 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ⊠ Claim(s) 37,40-43 and 47-67 is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) 1-7,28-30,45 and 46 is/are rejected. 7) □ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or | vn from consideration. | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | |
| 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on 19 February 2004 is/are Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examine 11. | e: a)⊠ accepted or b)⊡ objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj | e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of | s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | on No ed in this National Stage | | | | |
| Attachment(s) | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information-Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date S. Patent and Trademark Office | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other: | | | | | |

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Detailed Action

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-7,28,29 and 30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims 1-10 of copending Application

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No. 10/331718. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the referenced copending application and would be covered by any patent granted on that copending application since the referenced copending application and the instant application are claiming common subject matter, as follows: Expandable tubular members having a pair of threaded portions coupled to one another and a quantity of sealant within the threaded portions of the tubular members. Although the conflicting first claims of each application are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the sealant of 10/331718 of 10/3317718 also possesses the characteristic of adhering to the threaded portions as made known by the specification. Dependent claims 2-7,28,29 and 30 of the present invention are identical to claims 2-10 of application 10/3317718.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

⁽e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

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Claims 1,5,28-30,45 and 46 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. patent 6,409,175 to Evans. The Evans patent discloses in column 1, lines 50-55 that is known to provide a pair of radially expanded tubular members having radially expanded threaded portions coupled to one another with a quantity of a sealant from a compound to effect a seal within the radially expanded threaded portions of the radially expanded tubular members wherein the sealant adheres to the radially expanded threaded portions of the radially expanded tubular members.

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to

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which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 2,3,4,6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over U.S. patent 6,409,175 to Evans et al. in view of the Jet-Lok product catalog and applicant's disclosure of Jet-Lok on page 7 of the specification. The Evans disclosure in column 1, lines 50-55 as noted above disclosed the claimed invention however the features of the sealant compound are not specified. The Jet Lok product catalog discloses that it is known in the art to use Jet-Lok sealant on threaded pressure fittings (page 3). Thread sealants are commonly used in the art to aid in locking and sealing threaded connections in order to give resistance to coming unthreaded due to vibration, high temperature and pressures. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to substitute the sealant compound disclosed in Evans et al. in column 1, lines 50-55 with the Jet-Lok sealant, which as noted in the specification includes all of the characteristics of claims 2,3,4,6 and 7. The sealant providing a more secure coupling for the threaded members due to its ability to resist vibrations, high temperatures and pressure.

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Claims 37,40-43 and 47-67 are allowed.

Applicant's arguments filed February 19, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant argues that applicant's original application can not be prior art as a matter of law. The examiner agrees however the disclosure of the use of a sealing compound such as Jet-Lok III High Fiction Thread Compound which is readily available from Jet-Lube, Inc. is not considered to be using applicant's disclosure of his invention since applicant did not invent the Jet-Lok III High Fiction Thread Compound. Applicant argues that the divisional application 10/331718 cannot be used against the present application according to 35 USC section 121. The examiner agrees that the subject matter that was restricted can not be used as a reference against the present application however the subject matter of claims 1-10, while filed in the divisional application, is not the subject matter that was restricted out in the present application.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Eric Nicholson whose telephone number is

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(703) 308-0829. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesdays thru Fridays

from 7:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Daniel P. Stodola, can be reached on (703) 308-2686. The

fax phone number for Technology Center 3600 is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or

proceeding should be directed to the Technology Center receptionist whose

telephone number is (703) 308-1113.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR

only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-

direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system,

contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

ekn

6/3/04

rić K. Nicholson

Primary Examiner

Technólogy Center 3600